CSE 3442/5442: Embedded Systems 1 Lab 6: Building a Watch - Timers and Interrupts

Overview

The purpose of this lab is to understand how Timers and Interrupts function within the PIC18.

Problem Statement

Design and implement a 24-hour clock using the QwikFlash board. The time is to be displayed on the LCD in 1 sec update intervals. For this lab, you should use timer-0 to get an interrupt signal every 1 second (or as precise as possible). Use 2 switches and 2 push buttons on the IDL to control the clock:

- **Switch 1** (interrupt) will be responsible for running/stopping the clock.
 - When SW1 = 0 the clock should be in running mode (updating LCD)
 - \circ When SW1 = 1 the clock is in stop mode (paused with LCD still displaying)
- Switch 2 (not an interrupt) will be responsible for setting a new clock values and allowing manual incrementing. Clock value can be changed only if SW1 = 1.
- **Push button 1** (interrupt) is used to clear the clock and reset everything back to 0. When PB1 is pressed the clock should be cleared in ANY mode/state.
- **Push button 2** (not an interrupt) will be used to set the time when SW1 and SW2 are set. Pressing PB2 should increment the clock value in a fast speed (until the desired time is reached).

For clarification...

High Priority Interrupts: INT0 (PB1) Low Priority Interrupts: TMR0, INT1 (SW1)

SW 1	SW 2	PB 1	PB 2	
Run/Pause	Allow ++	Clear/Reset	++	Function/Operation
(Interrupt)	(Reg. I/O)	(Interrupt)	(Reg. I/O)	
INT1/B1	B2	INT0/B0	B3	
0	0	0	0	Normal Operation
1	0	0	0	LCD/Timer Paused
1	1	0	0	LCD/Timer Paused
1	1	0	1	Increment Timer (Show on LCD in real-time)
X	Х	1	Х	Reset Timer (Show on LCD in real-time)
0	0	0	1	N/A (nothing changes)
0	1	0	1	N/A (nothing changes)
0	1	0	0	N/A (nothing changes)
1	0	0	1	LCD/Timer Paused but PB2 has no effect

X = Any State/Don't Care

Display the time on line 1 of the LCD and display Running/Paused/++ messages on line 2.

Note: Ensure you have a common GND between the QwikFlash and the IDL.