


CSE 3302 Programming Languages




Object-Oriented Programming

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Why Study Smalltalk



- Purest OO language, encourage OO programming
- Can inspect and change objects and the runtime system itself at run time
- Pioneered in many things
 - Graphical user interface (Window, Menu, Mouse)
 - Personal workstation
 - Push OO into success
 - I invented the term Object-Oriented, and I can tell you I did not have C++ in mind. -- Alan Kay
- Has an active community
- Could have deserved more popularity

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Key Features




- Very simple syntax
- Everything is object
 - 3, true, nil
 - Class is object
 - no control: if, loop are objects
- Dynamically typed:
 - Variable has no type.
 - The class hierarchy is the type system.
- The language is together with its interactive runtime system
 - Runtime written in the language itself
 - Can change the system on-the-fly
 - Debug system state (image), object, class hierarchy
- All data is private (protected), all methods are public.
- No manual memory management and pointers

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History



- 1967: Inspired by Simula67, the first OO language
- 1971: Started by Dynabook project (Alan Kay)
 - Hardware: GUI, pointing device, external storage, etc.
 - Later led to Alto ("laptop")
 - Software: for Children
 - Became Smalltalk
 - Education



one laptop per child

Is Dynabook realized? Kay doesn't think so:

- Squeak
- One Laptop Per Child project (Nicholas Negroponte, Alan Kay, ...)
<http://www.xogiving.org/>

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History (cont.)



- 1973: Xerox Alto Computer
 - First Smalltalk environment
 - The ALTO Computer 1974 - Video
 - <http://www.maniacworld.com/alto-computer-video.html>
- 1972: Smalltalk-72
- 1976: Smalltalk-76
- 1980: Smalltalk-80
- Major contributors of Smalltalk:
 - Alan Kay (2003 Turing Award), Adele Goldberg, Daniel Ingalls, et. Al.

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Smalltalk Today



- Squeak
 - **Seaside**: a dynamic web application development framework
 - **Croquet**: an open source platform for collaborative 3D multi-user online applications.
 - **Sophie**: a digital media assembly tool to create multimedia documents.
 - **Scratch**: a toolkit for children to write games, animated stories.
- Cincom VisualWorks, IBM VisualAge, GNU Smalltalk, Dolphin,

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Resources



Squeak:

- Download at <http://www.squeak.org/>
- Quick Tutorial:
A Development Example for Squeak 3.9
<http://squeak.preeminent.org/tut2007/html/>
- A Free Book:
Squeak by Example
<http://www.iam.unibe.ch/~scg/SBE/>

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7

Required Reading



Readings:

- Smalltalk by Example, Chapter 1-6
(Chapter 7-9 are also recommended,
especially sections related to Array)
- Section "10.6 Smalltalk" in the textook.

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8

Smalltalk, Squeak video



- http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=y_3l08tI5wQ
- <http://video.google.com/videoplay?docid=-2950949730059754521>
- <http://video.google.com/videoplay?docid=-9055536763288165825>

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9

The language is together with its
interactive runtime system



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10

Smalltalk Runtime



- Runtime written in the language itself
- Can change the system on-the-fly
- Debug system state (image), object, class hierarchy

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11

Squeak Demo



- The files (.exe .changes, .img, .sources)
- **Menu and Mouse**
(red-button (usually left button), yellow-button (usually right button), blue-button(Alt+red, "morphic halo"))
- Save changes into .img and .sources
- **Transcript:** system console, log
- **Workspace:** Run code snippet, text documents, ...
- **do it, print it, inspect it, explore it**
- **System Browser** (Class, Object, Instance variable, Method)
- **Hierarchy Browser**
- **Method Finder**

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12

Demo: Race Car



http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=y_3l08tl5wQ

Demo: Quinto Game



Squeak by Example, Chapter 2

Demo: Quinto Game



1. Create new class category: `SBE-Quinto`
2. Define new class: `SBECell`

```
Object subclass: #NameOfSubclass
instanceVariableNames: ''
classVariableNames: ''
poolDictionaries: ''
category: 'SBE-Quinto'
```

```
SimpleSwitchMorph subclass: #SBECell
instanceVariableNames: 'mouseAction'
classVariableNames: ''
poolDictionaries: ''
category: 'SBE-Quinto'
```

Message:
class compiled

Demo: Quinto Game



3. Add methods: `initialize`

```
initialize
super initialize.
self label: ''.
self borderWidth: 2.
bounds := 0@0 corner: 16@16.
offColor := Color paleYellow.
onColor := Color paleBlue darker.
self useSquareCorners.
self turnOff
```

`newCell := SBECell new.`

Message `initialize` will be automatically sent to the newly created object when the class has an `initialize` method.

`newCell initialize.`

Demo: Quinto Game



4. Inspect an object

```
SBECell new (inspect it)
self openInWorld (do it)
```

5. Add new class: `SBEGame`

```
BorderedMorph subclass: #SBEGame
instanceVariableNames: 'cells'
classVariableNames: ''
poolDictionaries: ''
category: 'SBE-Quinto'
```

Demo: Quinto Game



6. Add methods: `SBEGame>>initialize`

```
initialize
| sampleCell width height n |
super initialize.
n := self cellsPerSide.
sampleCell := SBECell new.
width := sampleCell width.
height := sampleCell height.
self bounds: (5@5 extent: ((width*n)@(height*n)) + (2 * self borderWidth)).
cells := Matrix new: n tabulate: [ :i :j | self newCellAt: i at: j ].
```

7. Put methods into category (protocol)

Demo: Quinto Game



8. Two more methods for SBECeLL

```
mouseAction: aBlock
  mouseAction := aBlock

mouseUp: anEvent
  mouseAction value
```

Demo: Quinto Game



9. more methods for SBEGame

```
cellsPerSide
  "The number of cells along each side of the game"
  ^10
```

For annotation only,
not the language syntax.

```
toggleNeighboursOfCellAt: i at: j
  (i > 1) ifTrue: [ (cells at: i - 1 at: j) toggleState].
  (i < self cellsPerSide) ifTrue: [ (cells at: i + 1 at: j) toggleState].
  (j > 1) ifTrue: [ (cells at: i at: j - 1) toggleState].
  (j < self cellsPerSide) ifTrue: [ (cells at: i at: j + 1) toggleState].
```

Demo: Quinto Game



9. More SBEGame methods

```
initialize
  | sampleCell width height n |
  super initialize.
  n := self cellsPerSide.
  sampleCell := SBECeLL new.
  width := sampleCell width.
  height := sampleCell height.
  self bounds: (5 @ 5 extent: width * n @ (height * n) + (2 *
  self borderWidth)).
  cells := Matrix new: n tabulate: [:i :j | self newCellAt: i at:
  j]
```

Demo: Quinto Game



9. more SBEGame methods

```
newCellAt: i at: j
  "Create a cell for position (i,j) and add it to my on-screen
  representation at the appropriate screen position. Answer the
  new cell"
```

```
| c origin |
c := SBECeLL new.
origin := self innerBounds origin.
self addMorph: c.
c position: ((i - 1) * c width) @ ((j - 1) * c height) + origin.
c mouseAction: [self toggleNeighboursOfCellAt: i at: j].
^c
```

Demo: Quinto Game



- File Out and File In

Demo: Minesweeper

